'Health in All Policies'



Sustaining South Australia's approach to address determinants of health....



South Australia's approach

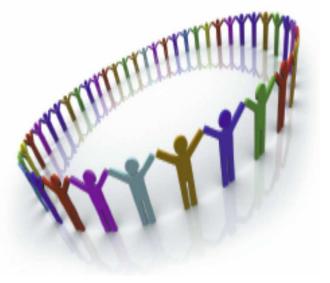


It is about working together to achieve the goals and policies of other sectors in ways that protect or promote health



Key Strategies

- Central government directive and mandate
- Social determinants of health as entry point
- Public policy focus not health priority
- Leveraging existing government decision
 making structures
- Collaboration and partnership
- Co design process
- Evidence





Evolution of South Australia's Health in All Policies approach

- Five phases
 - Proof of concept
 - Establish and apply
 - Consolidate and growth
 - Adapt and renew

- Five elements
 - Authorising environment
 - Policy opportunities
 - Supportive structures
 - Champions
- Strengthen and systematise Adaptive response





Phase 1. Proof of Concept

- Thinker in Residence
 - Initiative of new Premier
- Social progressive history
 - Supportive social policy culture
- Catalyst Ilona Kickbusch
 - Identify opportunities
 - Access to decision makers
- Engage with Policy makers
 - Workshops
 - Emerging Policy Champions
- Space to try







Phase 2. Establish and Apply

- Executive Cabinet Committee
 - Memorandum of Understanding
- South Australia's Strategic Plan
 - Public policy focus
- Health Lens Analysis model
 - Co-design collaborative approach
- Health in All Policies Unit
 - Small but dedicated
- Community of Practice
 - Public policy makers
 - Health professionals



SA Strategic Plan



Phase 3. Consolidate and Growth

- Central Government Champions
 - Strengthening relationships
- South Australia's Strategic Plan
 - Public policy focus
- Health Lens Analysis model
 - Extend approach
- Share Emerging Practice
 - International meeting
 - Adelaide Statement
- Research and evidence
 - Five year NHMRC grant



Adelaide Statement on Health in All Policies

moving towards a shared governance for health and well-being

Taking account of health means more effective government

More effective government means improved health

Report from the International Meeting on Health in All Policies, Adelaide 2010

The Adelaide Statement on Health in All Policies is to engage leaders and policy-makers at all levels of government—local, regional, national and international. It emphasizes that government objectives are best achieved when all sectors include health and well-being as a key component of policy development. This is because the causes of health and well-being lie outside the health sector and are socially and economically formed. Although many sectors already contribute to better health, significant gaps still exist.

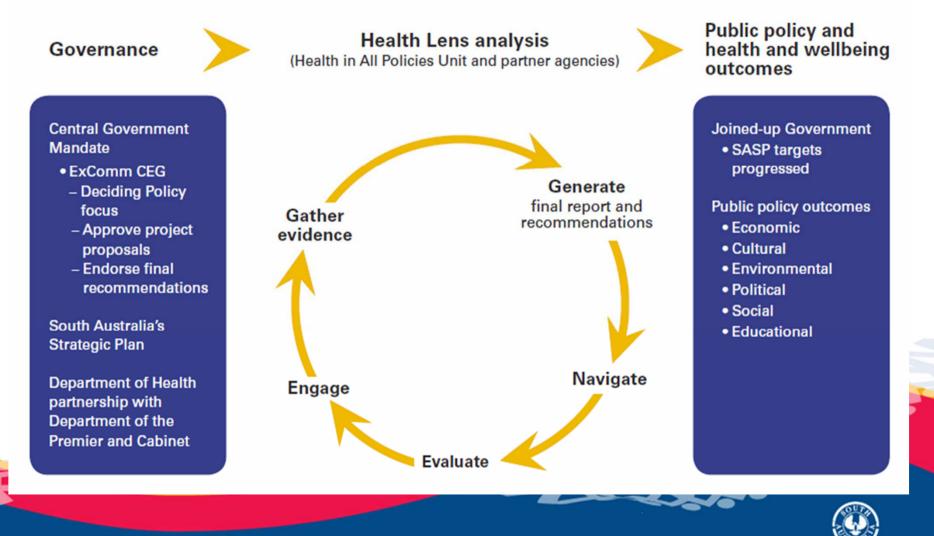
The Adelaide Statement outlines the need for a new social contract between all sectors to advance human development, sustainability and equity, as well as to improve health outcomes. This requires a new form of governance where there is joined-up leadership within governments, across all sectors and between levels of government. The Statement highlights the contribution of the health sector in resolving complex problems across government.

Health in All Policies Adelaide 2010, 12 to 15 April

- Government objectives are best achieved when all sectors include health and wellbeing as a key component of policy development
- Requires new form of governance.
- Different role for the health sector, one of facilitator and enabler



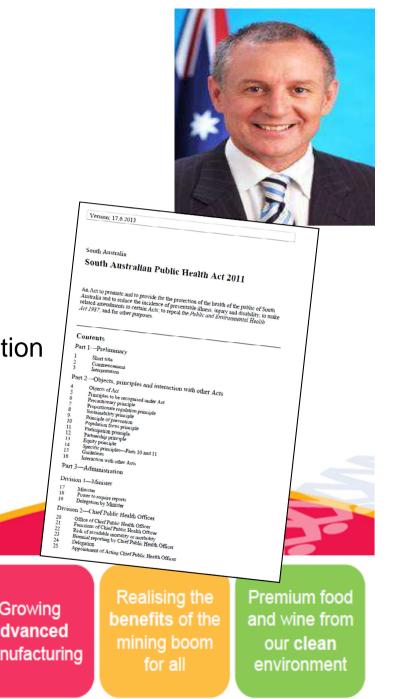
South Australian HiAP Model



Phase 4. Adapt and Renew

- Cabinet Taskforce
 - New Premier
- Seven Strategic Cabinet Priorities
 - Health Lens across Cabinet priorities
- New Public Health Act 2011
 - Strengthen legislative focus on Promotion and prevention
 - Reduced funding prevention
- Changing role for HiAP Unit
 - Reduced capacity
 - Uncertain future





Phase 5. Strengthen and Systematise

- Central Directive and Mandate
 - Renewed Memorandum of Understanding
- Premier's Priorities
 - Expanding policy agenda
 - Joined-Up Policy
- Public Health Act 2011
 - Interagency Agreements:- Public Health Partner Authorities
 - Section 17
- Strategic Partnerships Unit
 - Diversify Health Lens Methodology
 - Joined-Up Policy: 90 Day Project







Health in All Policies in a changing context

Authorising environment

- Premiers directive
- Memorandum of Understanding

Policy opportunities

- State Strategic Plan
- Cabinet Priorities
- South Australian Public Health Act
- Premier's Priorities

Supportive structure

- Executive Committee of Cabinet
- Seven Strategic Cabinet Taskforce

Champions

Many and building

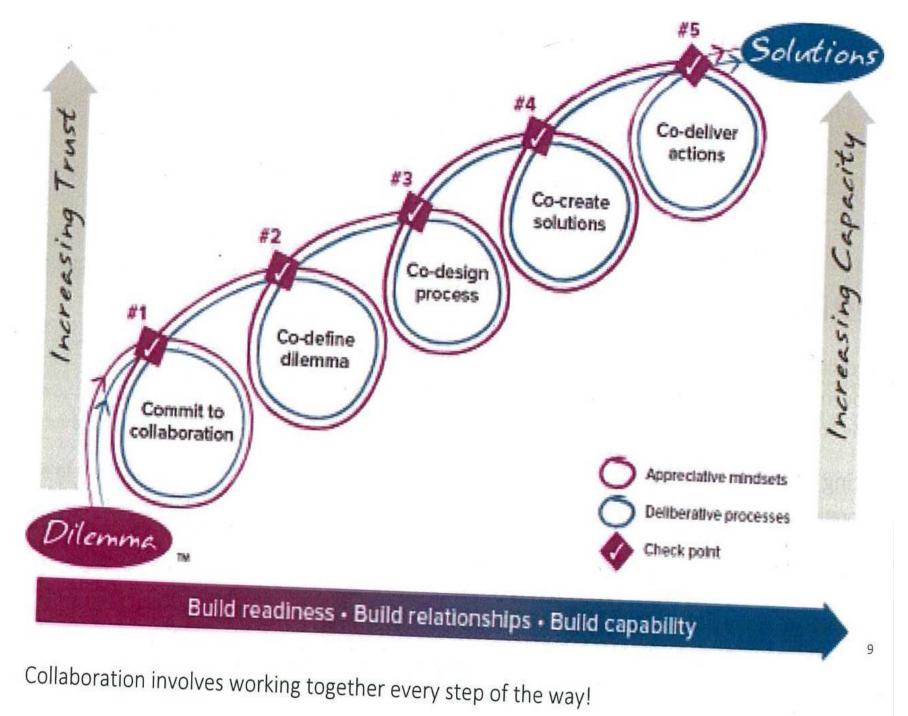




Government of South Australia



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Systemising Health in All Policies

- Limited and unstable cross cutting government structures
- Expanding public policy agenda requiring collaborative policy approaches
- To realise potential of HiAP MOU PHA health needed to strengthen WOG structures.
- New methods: HiAP 90 Day Projects; Public Health Partner Authorities (PHPAs)





Complex policy problems

Not only faced by the health sector

- Homelessness
- Domestic violence
- Climate change adaptation

Require innovative approaches

Opportunities for collaboration and innovation



90 Day Change Project:

Working Together for Joined-Up Policy

Carmel Williams Manager, Strategic Partnerships Public Health Partnerships Branch Department for Health and Ageing



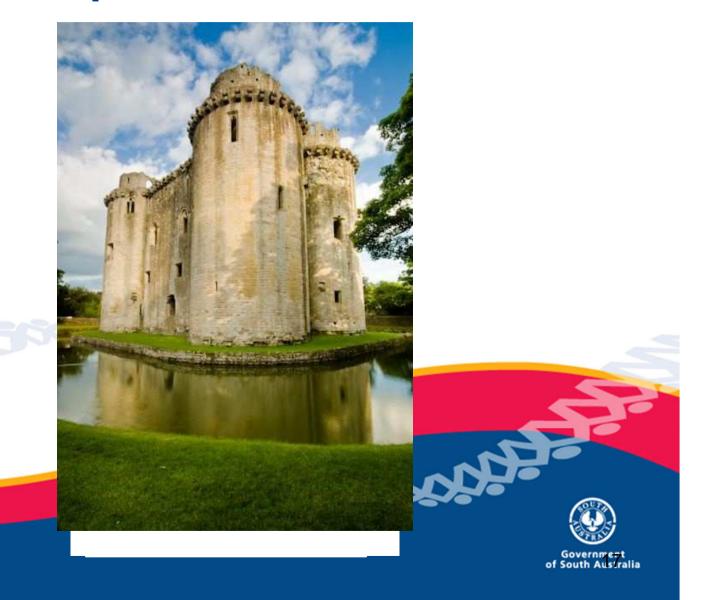
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Joined-up action: Why is this so difficult?

- Complex policy issues are often multideterminate
- Action by a number of government agencies, working together, is required
- Such joined-up-government is difficult
- Why?



Government departmental structures





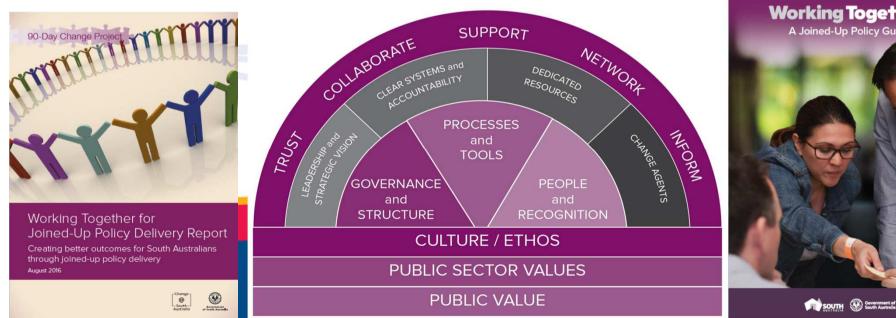
Working Together for Joined-Up Policy Delivery Project Summary August 2016

Change South _____

Working Together: HiAP 90 Day Project

Project Findings

- Shared vision
- Leadership from top to bottom
- Resourcing budget and people •
- Clear accountability and incentives
- Trust and respect •
- Culture and ethos •
- Flexible mechanisms .





Public Health Partner Authorities (PHPA)

- Entities (agencies, organisations, or departments) enter into a negotiation process with the Department for Health and Ageing to become a PHPA
- Agreement is between the PHPA and Minister for Health; Memorandum of Understanding
- PHPA enter agreement on a voluntary basis

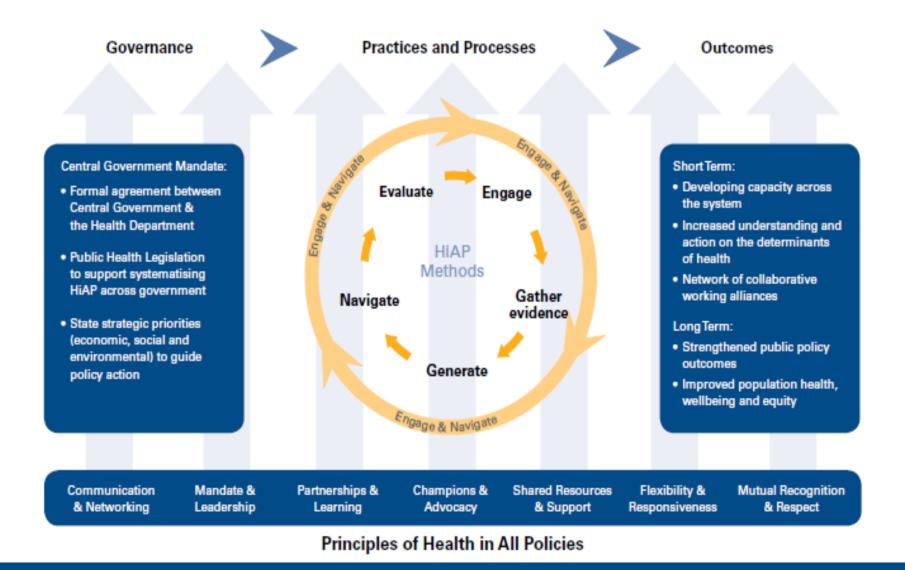


Critical success factors – why HiAP works?

- *Political and strategic relevance* adaptive and responsive to change
 - South Australia's Strategic Plan
 - Seven Strategic Priorities
 - 10 Economic Priorities
 - South Australian Public Health Act 2011
- Central government mandate
 - MOU between DPC and DHA
- Co design process co-benefits / mutual gains
- Flexible tools; working with limited but dedicated resources
- Focus on People and Relationships



SA Health in All Policies Model 2017



Conclusions

- Key Challenges
 - Continuing and emerging complex policy issues
 - Constricted economic climate
- SDH approach to policy
 - Health cannot do it alone
 - Joined-up action required
 - Co-benefits for all agencies
- Innovation
 - Stop telling, start understanding
 - Systematising HiAP principles, practices and processes
 - Persistence and tenacity

