

# Monitoring Action for Health Equity: The People's Role

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Session 3.1. Evaluating Progress in Health  
in All Policies



# Monitoring Action for Health Equity: The People's Role

- Importance of people's participation
- Examples
  - Health impact assessment
    - Principles
      - Inclusive participation
      - Transparency
      - Accountability
      - Meaningful opportunities for redress
    - Example: Green Resources Uchindile plantation in Tanzania
  - Community-developed indicators
  - Mobile phone technology



Right	Initial assessment	Monitor 1	Monitor 2
	2009	2010-2011	2014
Right to favourable working conditions			
Right to work			
Non-discrimination			
Right to belong to a trade union			
Right to collectively bargain			
Security of person, freedom from fear			
Right to water and sanitation (dormitories)			
Right to water and sanitation (community)			
Right to a clean environment			
Right to health (general)			
Right to health (HIV)			
Right to housing (dormitories)			
Right to housing (communities)			
Right to an adequate standard of living			
Right to property (dormitories)			
Right to just remuneration, holidays with pay			No change
Equal pay for equal work		No change	No change
Right to food			
Right to education (children)			
Right to education (adults)			
Public participation			
Political participation			



# Lessons on Effective M&E and Implementation

- Importance of evaluating policies
- Targets and indicators in non-health sectors
- Capacity-building for health in non-health sectors
- Clear responsibility for health
  - Incorporating health equity into missions of each sector
- Effective coordination and leadership across sectors
- Disaggregated data in all sectors



# Plans of Action on Health Equity

- All populations experiencing health inequities
- Aimed at full health equity
  - Structural determinants
- Inter-sectoral
- Actions, targets, timelines
- Accountability
- High-level commitment
- Full participation and leadership of marginalized populations

